

It is about time to start the report that the peach crop will be a perfect failure.

Sullivan, the slagger, came near having as big a reception in San Francisco as General Grant did in 1879.

The biggest name connected with the administration in Washington. A big name but not a great statesman.

The life prisoner, at Stillwater, Minnesota, who came near sacrificing his own life to save that of another, should receive his pardon at once. Such heroism deserves all the blessings that a pardon can give.

The civil service commission in Washington passed a young man in the treasury department, finding him well qualified for a clerkship. The next day or two he distinguished himself by spelling "technical" with a "k" when writing an official communication.

One month of wifedom seems to have satisfied a young lady at Marinette, in this state. She stepped out of a sleeping-car near Milwaukee with \$65 of her husband's money and disappeared, leaving with the porter a note threatening to kill the bridegroom should he follow her. She is thought to have eloped with a railway employe who had paid her attention.

A wise and knowing man of New York, claims to have discovered the cause of the red sunsets which have attracted the attention of the world this winter. He believes in the Alaska volcanic dust theory. A week ago, while the snow was still falling, he took a quantity of it from a clean spot, a quarter of a mile from the nearest leeward building, and a hundred yards to the windward of his residence. That snow was melted under cover in a porcelain vessel, and a sediment obtained, which was afterwards examined under the microscope, and found to be volcanic in character, partly in irregular flat fragments and partly in fragile filaments.

Erwin & Bonedict, patent lawyers 333 East Water street, Milwaukee. Wis. recently the following patents issued recently to Wisconsin inventors:

Road car—C. S. Beebe, Racine.

Wall protector—D. C. Millett, Milwaukee.

Cutting apparatus for harvesters—G. H. Sheltz and C. Marlinecourt, Milwaukee.

Feed cutter—C. C. Smalley, Manitowish.

Windlass—W. Smith, Tomah.

Wagon entergate—H. P. Swensen, Racine.

Case for holding pencils, etc.—H. F. Warner, Milwaukee.

Paint distributor—J. P. Whipple, Milwaukee.

Saw mill set works—T. S. Wilken, Milwaukee.

It can be said of Mr. Henry Irving that he is not an avaricious man—that money is not the main object of his visit to the United States. Agassiz was once offered \$15,000 for five lectures in New York and Boston, but the old man, whose learning and good nature made the world of letters love him, quietly answered that he had no time to make money. Mr. Irving can not find time to accept the fabulous price which the managers in St. Louis offer him personally. He wants to rest awhile and to do some study, and to look about him, and for a whole week he did not appear on the stage in that city. This week he and Miss Terry will appear in a few plays simply to respond to the demands of the public. He puts a greater price on rest and sightseeing while in America than he does on the \$2000 a night which he can command.

Governor Rusk was in Chicago, Friday, going to that city from the reunion at Janesville, and while there he fell into the hand of a newspaper reporter, which seems to be a ubiquitous as the Smith family. When the jolly old governor was asked about the Fairchild boom, he said: "You think we are joking about Lucius Fairchild child, but we will surprise you before we get through with it. We will bring down a solid delegation to Chicago for him, and will get recruits from other states." The governor thought the prohibitionists would not poll a larger vote than they did in 1881. He seemed to take kindly to the general concession that he would be re-nominated. When Governor Rusk gets into an office, it is difficult to oust him. He does splendidly wherever he is placed, and thereby gains a wide popularity. Such a man from the very nature of the case, is hard to beat.

Some republican—that is the dispatch says he is a republican—has written the Milwaukee Sunday Telegraph from Janesville saying that all the trouble which existed in the republican party in this district has subsided. There will be a united party and a successful candidate at the next election. The defeat of Williams was the outcome of a long series of causes which had been working for some time. The appointment of Richardson as postmaster gives general satisfaction, and the sore spots have substantially healed up and healed over. Postmaster Richardson keeps the son of ex-Postmaster Patterson employed in the office, and that helps to smooth over matters. I was talking with an intimate friend of Congressman Winans the other day. He says that Winans does not expect to be elected for another term. The same republican says that Winans was far from a speaker, and would have voted for him had there been any chance for his nomination. Florio our republican friend is in error. Mr. Winans would not vote for Randall under any circumstances because Randall is a free trader. Besides that, Mr. Winans said openly that S. S. Oox was his personal choice, and if he

voted at all he would vote for him; but seeing that he (Winans) was without a party, he voted for no one. The republican correspondent of the Sunday Telegraph said that Caswell now has the best show for congress next term; "that the Lake shore, Racine and Kenosha will not unite on a candidate. Walworth county is divided into factions. Rock county gives no signs of presenting a candidate. I think Caswell, if nothing happens, will make the choice."

## THE PRISON FIRE.

Exciting Scenes at the Fire in Minnesota Penitentiary.

How the Prisoners Were Removed—The Story of One of the Guards—One Convict Burned to Death.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 28.—Lenses at the Stillwater have been grossly exaggerated in some papers. The cells and walls of the penitentiary are intact, and the total loss to the state will not exceed \$20,000, on which there is insurance of \$15,000. The company has in office estimates \$30,000 to \$40,000; no insurance. There are 125 inmates in the penitentiary. Twenty convicts have been brought to St. Paul, thirty-two sent to Minneapolis, twenty to Winona, and fourteen are in the Stillwater jail. Five women were sent to Hastings, the rest of the 250 remain in the penitentiary. A store building within the prison walls. The governor has ordered Mr. Seymour, of the car company, to commence clearing away the debris at once, and erect a temporary roof over the cells. It is believed that will be done by Saturday. There will not be an extra session of the legislature. The prisoners are well provided with food and clothing, and are outwardly peaceful and docile. It is feared, however, that, lashed together as they are, they may conceivably plan for escape. The militia have orders to shoot, and shoot to kill on the first signs of an outbreak.

The Youngers, John and Jim, remain at Stillwater. Most of the other prisoners have been sent to the jails mentioned above. Inspector Pollock, of Illinois, telegraphed Gov. Hubbard he would care for the prisoners, but the offer was declined with thanks.

A full account of the scenes at the building during the burning, and the removal of the prisoners upon the ground floor were removed without difficulty. Many of them had been sleeping, and were awakened by the sound of the alarm whistle. There were no signs of flight until the smoke became so thick that it was impossible to see. Several of them had slept through all the confusion, and received their first warning by the opening of their cells by the guard. They were then ordered to get out of their cells, and to go to the rear of the building. The flames had not yet reached there, but the smoke was suffocating. Some volumes poured down the galleries and rolled up to the roof, the flames being seen all over the building. The convicts were clamoring for aid. Their cries were deafened, but the rattling of their doors and the sound of their frantic stamping upon the floor was heard in the air. The convicts were being rescued, before they could be rescued many of them had expired of suffocation and awaiting in death for a terrible doom. As it was possible their cell doors were opened and the convicts were occupants led out of the stifling atmosphere into the cold night air. As soon as they were released they were placed in the storehouse west of the cell building. The walls of the back part of the building were opened first. The guards proceeded along the gallery toward the front end, releasing the prisoners and passing them back as they advanced. The smoke grew thicker and more suffocating as they advanced, and they were ordered to lie on the ground. The convicts were being rescued, before they could be rescued many of them had expired of suffocation and awaiting in death for a terrible doom.

Cayon, who had charge of the Younger boys, was one of the number engaged in releasing the prisoners on the upper floor. Said he: "The first time I started out the month of the fire, the smoke had grown so thick that I had to go on my hands and knees. I opened a number of the doors and sent the men back to the stairs, where they were being rescued by the guards. I saw the flames coming in from the front end, and had just started back down the north side when, as I stood up to open a door, I lost the sponge which protected my head and nose. For a moment I was blinded, and fell prostrate on the floor. The smoke was not so dense within a few inches of the floor and I managed to crawl along a few feet at a time until I reached the west end, where there was comparatively little smoke. I fell upon my hands and knees, and crawled toward the rear end of the building. I thought I was a doomed man. I grasped for it but could not find it. I don't care to be as near death again as I was at that moment. The smoke was so dense that I could not see the guard, and I was in a desperate situation. I crawled along a few feet at a time until I reached the west end, where there was comparatively little smoke. I fell upon my hands and knees, and crawled toward the rear end of the building. I thought I was a doomed man. I grasped for it but could not find it. I don't care to be as near death again as I was at that moment."

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In this terrible emergency several of the convicts rendered valuable assistance, and were instrumental in saving a great many lives. A large number of the cells were still closed, and through the smoke and fire the convicts were ordered to lie on the ground. The convicts were being rescued, before they could be rescued many of them had expired of suffocation and awaiting in death for a terrible doom. As it was possible their cell doors were opened and the convicts were occupants led out of the stifling atmosphere into the cold night air. As soon as they were released they were placed in the storehouse west of the cell building. The walls of the back part of the building were opened first. The guards proceeded along the gallery toward the front end, releasing the prisoners and passing them back as they advanced. The smoke grew thicker and more suffocating as they advanced, and they were ordered to lie on the ground. The convicts were being rescued, before they could be rescued many of them had expired of suffocation and awaiting in death for a terrible doom.

self-building, where the prisoners released from the cells on the lower floors had already been taken. The latter had saved their blankets, which proved a partial protection from the severe cold, but the men from the upper floor had only the convicts' fairs in which they were dressed. There was no fire in the store-room, and the men began to suffer from the cold. Under the direction of the warden they were led to the country north of the cell building where large fires were burning. Here their chains were stricken off, and they were left free to go around and stretch their limbs. During the whole confusion not a man had made a motion toward resistance or escape. They were placed on a parole which all seemed to respect. If, for example, of Nicollet county, sentenced to two years and six months for attempted rape, occupied cell No. 25, and was burned to death. Two convicts escaped to the rear of the building and lay lying on the back, features terribly distorted, and eyes wildly glaring.

## IN BROAD DAYLIGHT

Burglars "Crack" a Brooklyn Jewelry Store Safe.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 28.—A rather daring daylight jewelry store robbery occurred on Fulton street. The place was that of E. D. Day. The whole interior is in plain view from front to rear. The gas was lighted and the place in view with the exception of one party hidden by the store. Mr. S. H. Whitney, the manager, was in the place and left the store about 11 o'clock, and had cut out the burglar alarm, as he intended to return by noon. The burglars' plans had, however, been perfected, and they did not wait for the manager. A hole was made through the eighteen-inch wall into the cellar under the jewelry store. There a trap-door behind the counter had been forced from its bolts instead of using powder they forced the hinges off the larger safe with screws and wedges, and it fell completely, and took the things into a little back room where they could not be seen, and where they carefully sorted the stock. Only gold watches, diamonds and other stones, and solid gold work were taken. All the silver and plated was thrown aside. The place was so completely gutted that business cannot be resumed. Only an hour was occupied in the whole performance, and the men escaped with \$4,000 of plunder and left no clues.

## Is It a Fraud or a Freak?

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The controversy over "phantoms" which has been going on since the appearance of the pink patches on the animal body due to an absence of coloring pigment in his epidermis. Professor Squire, an authority on skin diseases, says the patches are due to a lack of coloring pigment in the skin. Mr. Squire, a superintendent of the government department, asserts that the elephant does not differ from hundreds belonging to the commission of the value of \$100 to \$200. Mr. Squire declared that he has seen a real white elephant in Sogout which was perfectly cream colored all over. He offers to put Mr. Barnum in the way of procuring one of this kind. The elephant is described as a found and to be neither sacred nor white, immune from disease, and to be the most valuable animal to the zoological gardens to see it. The council of the gardens forbids the public performance of religious rites for the elephant by regular horsemen priests.

## "Song" for the Soundness.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—Geo. Gordon, last telegraphed to Col. Coddington directing him to send an emissary from Kharaboun to the Pasha of Egypt, Mr. Alford, and to suspend any active operations until he receives further orders from Gen. Gordon, who is the only one empowered to take definite action. Gen. Gordon brought with him £10,000 and has since received £10,000. Some important Bedouin tribes near Khartoum have yielded to "peace" and have surrendered at Khartoum. The British have looted the khedive £100,000 for six months at 6 per cent. Musurus Pasha, the Turkish ambassador to Great Britain, has lately been conferring with Gen. Gordon, and it is rumored that Turkey is seeking the mediation of the treaty powers to avert the war in the Sudan.

## The Cleveland Paper Company.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 28.—The failure of the Cleveland Paper company which occurred Saturday seems to be due to the business venture of George H. Taylor, a brother of the president, N. W. Taylor. The first annual meeting of the company was held at the residence of Mr. Taylor, and after a long and arduous session, Mr. Taylor was elected president, and his brother-in-law, Mr. Taylor, was elected vice president. The company was organized in 1878, and has since received £10,000. Some important Bedouin tribes near Khartoum have yielded to "peace" and have surrendered at Khartoum. The British have looted the khedive £100,000 for six months at 6 per cent. Musurus Pasha, the Turkish ambassador to Great Britain, has lately been conferring with Gen. Gordon, and it is rumored that Turkey is seeking the mediation of the treaty powers to avert the war in the Sudan.

## Don't Care Which Way It Goes.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A council of the German imperial family held at Berlin has arranged the marriage between the Princess Frederick Charles and her husband. Under the advice of the emperor, the princess consented to extending her stay in Berlin, and her husband, who is now in the city, will remain in Berlin, but she has taken up a permanent separation of their private life and relations. The princess was present at the council, but the prince was absent. He has been in the city in the past few days, and will agree to anything that is settled upon.

## Societies Have No Rights.

WATERTOWN, Iowa, Jan. 28.—Over a year ago a branch took place in the ranks of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, of the city, which resulted in an extensive secession. The secessionists held claim to a portion of the general and other funds, and the matter found its way into the courts. The supreme court has handed down a long decision sustaining the loyalists and declaring against the secessionists on every point. The amount involved was nearly \$20,000.

## Landed and Tenants.

PANAMA, Dec. 28.—The negotiations by the Earl of Devon and his tenants in County Limerick, Ireland, have fallen through. Of the 800 tenants to whom his circular was addressed, 200 offered to purchase the land, but the remainder have refused to do so. These offers were refused by the Earl, because he believed they were instigated by the Land League agitators.

## OUT OF THE MINE.

Recovery of the Bodies From the Crooked Butte Mine.

Fifty-Nine Dead Men Brought Up From the Fatal Depths—Evidence Before the Coroner's Jury.

MINNESOTA, Jan. 28.—More buried bodies have been recovered from the Crooked Butte mine, making fifty-seven in all. All were found in chamber No. 2 and in the passageway in the immediate vicinity. Many have their arms and legs broken, their skulls crushed in, and their clothing burned off their faces and other exposed portions of the body, leaving only a few ghastly marks of raw and bleeding flesh. The appearance of these bodies is horrible beyond description, and it is not likely that any of them can be recognized. Many of the faces have a coal dust ground into them until they are black as the coal itself. The company has erected a large frame building, where the bodies are placed and where the funeral services will be held. The bodies are coming on every train and on horseback from all the surrounding camps. The Colorado Coal and Iron company, besides the erection of the building, has made arrangements for the necessary funeral expenses, and make provision for the needs of the families of the deceased. The coroner's jury was summoned by Coroner S. Snyder. The witnesses examined have been: Dr. Crockett, of Gunnison; Dr. Dr. Graham, of Crooked Butte; Dr. Corwin, chief surgeon of the Colorado Coal and Iron company; Col. Cameron, the company's chief superintendent; James H. Robinson, superintendent of the mine; Fire Boss Luke Robinson, and Engineer Robert Gibson. Mr. Robinson explained the workings of the mine, and said he had given positive orders that no miners should go into the mine without having received a report from the fire boss, so as to know positively that there was no danger from gas, and when gas was found safety-lamps were always insisted on. Robinson, the fire boss, testified that on the morning of the accident he had found two boards broken from the brattice in room 18, second entry, and considerable gas in the head of the drift, and had given a man who was to work in there positive order not to enter until he returned and replaced the brattice. He came out to get the tools, and before he got back the explosion took place.

I have used COLLIN'S CHERRY COUGH CURE in my family and can recommend it as an excellent remedy. Being very pleasant to the taste the children take it readily, and it seems to check the cough immediately.

R. W. KING.

For sale by Prentice & Evenson.

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# BOOTS & SHOES AT COST

In Order to Make Room for Our Spring Stock

WE WILL For the Next Thirty Days!

Sell Boots and Shoes at Cost,

FOR CASH ONLY!

H. HEMMING & SON.

My wife having suffered nearly the whole winter with a severe cough, has lately used

COLLIN'S CHERRY COUGH CURE and has been much benefited

by it. I cheerfully recommend it as pleasant to the taste, and very beneficial in its effects.

A. HYATT SMITH.

For sale by Prentice & Evenson.

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**DR. FISHBLATT,**  
Late Lecturer and Professor in one of the medical colleges and editor of the New York Medical and Surgical Journal, and author of the book on "The New York Hospital for Chronic Diseases."  
**Office and Parlors, Myers' Residence**  
Head of East Milwaukee Street,  
**JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.**  
WHERE HE CAN BE CONSULTED ON  
**Rheumatic Affections, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach**  
**Liver, Kidneys, Female Diseases and all Chronic Diseases.**  
As well as of all diseases of whatever character. From his twenty years' practice in the Science of Medicine, he is enabled to offer himself to the public as a specialist in the treatment of all chronic diseases. He has devoted years to the study and treatment of Chronic Diseases, and his experience in the hospitals of New York, where he has successfully treated many cases of Rheumatic Affections, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Female Diseases and all Chronic Diseases, has given him a reputation as a specialist in these diseases. He will receive prompt attention through the mail, by writing, stating symptoms, etc., enclosing stamp.  
**E. N. FISHBLATT, M. D., Janesville, Wis.**

## HANCHETT & SHELDON

### BARGAINS!

- Offer the following
- 1 Electric Light, Coal Heater, at \$30, Former Price \$45.
  - 2 Golden Star " " " 28, " " 40.
  - 1 Gold Star " " " 28, " " 40.
  - 3 No. 9 New Early Breakfast, wood Cook Trimmings, 33, " " 48.
  - 2 No. 9 St. Charles, wood and Coal Cook Trimmings at 30, " " 35.
  - 2 No. 9 Perfect Cook, Wood and Coal Trimmings at 33, " " 40.
  - 1 No. 8 Perfect Cook, Coal and wood Trimmings at 30, " " 37.
  - 4 No. 8 & 9 Reform Cook, Wood trimmed, \$25, former Price \$30.
  - 1 No. 8 & 9 Reform Cook, " " 30, " " 36.

These are all new and we warrant them good workers. In addition to the above you will find the largest line of first class, **Kitchens, Cook and Heating Stoves** in the city. The West Point and Gold Coin Stoves including the crown.

**Skates, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Carvers, Fancy**

**Ten and Coffee Pots, Etc.**

21 and 23 Main street, East Side

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Attorneys-at-Law,  
Tollman, B. Oak, No. 2 West Milwaukee St.  
Janesville, Wisconsin.

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## THE GAZETTE.

### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago & Northwestern.  
Trains at Janesville Station.

**GOING NORTH.**

Leave for the North, 1:30 P. M.  
Leave for Chicago and East, 1:30 P. M.

**GOING SOUTH.**

Leave for Chicago and East, 7:30 A. M.  
Leave for the North, 7:30 A. M.

**ARRIVE.**

From Detroit, 10:45 A. M.  
From Madison, 10:45 A. M.

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## THEATRICAL GATS.

Queer Feline Franks Which Have

Interrupted Performances.

When Mary Anderson Trembled—

Clara Morris' Presence of Mind

—A Rain of Cats in

"Fanchon."

(Cincinnati Enquirer.)

It is a common custom to have cats on the

theatre. In fact, there is one in

the country that does not possess a cat.

The cat is a very useful animal, and

franks for the footlights. At the People's

in this city, a gray cat, having

caught her of rats and mice, not only

quietly strode into the stage in the midst

of the performance, but not failing to serve

the cat, she needed to be in the circle

with a plaintive mew.

The last time Mary Anderson was at the

Grand, in the police scene of "Home and

Home," a black cat, named "Fanchon,"

came down upon her, and, as if of its own

accord, she sprang upon her, and, as if of its

own accord, she sprang upon her, and, as if

of its own accord, she sprang upon her, and

as if of its own accord, she sprang upon her,

and, as if of its own accord, she sprang upon

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